Aflatoxin concentration in corn was inversely correlated with silking date and positively correlated with loose husk coverage (present in early hybrids), report F. J. Betrán and T. Isakeit at Texas A&M University, College Station. (Agron. J. 96:565-570, 2004)


Rice yellow mottle virus dispersed and differentiated from east to west Africa, report D. Fargette and associates at IRD, Montpellier, France; ZARC, Zanzibar, Tanzania; INERA Burkina-Faso, ADRAO, Abijan, Ivory Coast; and International Laboratory for Tropical Biotechnology, St. Louis, MO. (J. Virol. 78:3252-3261, 2004)

*Colletotrichum gloeosporioides* f. sp. *aeschnomone* uses external tryptophane to produce indole-3-acetic acid during biotrophic and necrotrophic phases of infection, report R. Maor and associates at Tel Aviv University, Israel. (Appl. Environ. Microbiol. 70:1852-1854, 2004)


The relative complexity measure (RCM) to evaluate relatedness of DNA sequences is a reliable way to construct fungal phylogenetic trees without requiring prior sequence alignment, report D. R. Bastola and associates at University of Nebraska, Omaha and Lincoln. (Mycol. Res. 108:117-125, 2004)


*Penicillium implicatum* causes a destructive rot of stored pomegranate (*Punica granata*) fruits and some apple cultivars according to R. Labuda and associates at Slovak Agricultural University, Nitra, Slovak Republic. (Mycopathologia 157:217-223, 2004)

Hybrids of *Agrostis stolonifera* (susceptible) and *A. capillaris* (resistant) were resistant to dollar spot in the field, report F. C. Belanger and associates at Rutgers University, New Brunswick, NJ. (Crop Sci. 44:581-586, 2004)

*Trichosporon pullulans* was the most effective of four yeasts tested against four major postharvest disease pathogens on sweet cherries stored at 25°C, report G. Qin and associates at the Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing, China. (Postharvest Biol. Technol. 31:51-58, 2004)

Cucumber green mottle mosaic virus moves systemically via xylem but less efficiently than through phloem in terms of infection time and percentage of plants infected, report I. M. Moreno at Universidad Politécnica de Madrid, Spain. (J. Gen. Virol. 85:749-759, 2004)