

Errata
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On page 1162, in the article entitled "Anatomy of a tolerant chrysanthemum cultivar infected with *Fusarium oxysporum* f. sp. *chrysanthemi*" by B. A. Stuehling and P. E. Nelson, the second sentence of paragraph one should read:

The disease is caused by *F. oxysporum* f. sp. *chrysanthemum* and *F. oxysporum* f. sp. *tracheiphilum* race 1 (2).

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Abstracts of papers presented at the 1981 Annual Meeting of The American Phytopathological Society were published on pages 855-914, but the following abstract was inadvertently omitted.

BACTERIAL SPECK DEVELOPMENT ON TOMATO FRUIT. S. Getz, D. W. Fulbright, and C. T. Stephens, Department of Botany and Plant Pathology, Michigan State University, East Lansing, MI 48824.

Pseudomonas tomato was sprayed on tomato flowers and fruit (cv. Redpack) at various developmental stages. Flower abortion was common on flowers sprayed at closed calyx or open flower stages. Speck lesions developed on fruit sprayed at green fruit stages but not at red fruit stages. Scanning electron microscopy revealed the presence of trichomes on the ovary at open flower and green fruit stages. As the fruit expanded, the trichomes appeared less numerous and natural openings of the epidermis began to appear. Trichomes and natural openings may provide entry points for bacteria into subepidermal regions of the developing fruit. The trichomes appeared similar to those found on young tomato leaves.