March 14, 2019

The Honorable Jerry Moran  The Honorable Jeanne Shaheen
Chairman  Ranking Member
Subcommittee on Commerce, Justice, Subcommittee on Commerce, Justice,
Science, and Related Agencies  Science, and Related Agencies
Committee on Appropriations  Committee on Appropriations
Room S-128, The Capitol  Room S-128, The Capitol
Washington, D.C. 20510  Washington, D.C. 20510

The Honorable Jose Serrano  The Honorable Robert Aderholt
Chairman  Ranking Member
Subcommittee on Commerce, Justice, Subcommittee on Commerce, Justice,
Science, and Related Agencies  Science, and Related Agencies
H-307, The Capitol  1016 Longworth House Office Building
Washington, D.C. 20515  Washington, D.C. 20515

Dear Chairman Moran, Ranking Member Shaheen, Chairman Serrano, and Ranking Member Aderholt:

The Coalition for National Science Funding (CNSF) – a broad-based group of professional organizations, universities, scientific societies, and businesses – appreciates Congress’ continued support for the fundamental scientific research and educational programs supported by the National Science Foundation (NSF). As the fiscal year 2020 budget and appropriations process begins, CNSF would like to make two important recommendations. First, we strongly encourage and recommend that Congress reach a bipartisan agreement to raise the budget caps for non-defense discretionary spending. We are sending a letter to congressional leaders on this matter. Additionally, we recommend a $9 billion appropriation for NSF in fiscal year 2020.

NSF is an integral component of America’s scientific research enterprise and innovation ecosystem. NSF-funded research has proven vital to the nation’s economic growth, national security, and overall global competitiveness in science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM) development and education. Moreover, NSF programs enable the scientific work of other federal agencies and departments, including the National Institutes of Health, the Department of Energy, NASA, and the Department of Defense. A bold approach to NSF funding is necessary in FY 2020 to provide needed support for the potentially transformational Big Ideas initiatives, protect core programs that sustain broad science and engineering fields, build and operate world-class research infrastructure, and train the future STEM workforce for the United States to remain globally competitive.

We are grateful for the appropriations the agency received in FY 2018 and FY 2019, yet we respectfully recognize that more is required to address the effects of historical underinvestment in fundamental research in the United States. According to the National Science Board, approximately $3.92 billion of cutting-edge research deemed “very good or higher” in NSF’s merit criteria was unfunded in FY 2017. The potential impact of these missed opportunities is even more stark when considering the return on
investment of fundamental scientific research and the significant investments that other nations – both allies and adversaries – are making in comparable research areas.

Within this $3.92 billion in unmet STEM funding opportunities are many essential activities and areas of discovery and development. Specifically, funding for the Education and Human Resources (EHR) Directorate has stagnated for many years, leaving critical gaps in our ability to address fundamental challenges for K-12, undergraduate, and graduate STEM education. Stagnation in key U.S. talent development programs comes as our national security leaders are sounding alarm bells over foreign talent recruitment programs which are effectively siphoning STEM capacity from the United States and elsewhere to countries that are strongly investing while we remain complacent. Additionally, NSF is working to broaden participation in the STEM fields, but current funding levels are far short of what the United States needs to close the achievement gap and enable necessary progress through efforts such as INCLUDES. To ensure we have a workforce prepared to serve our present and future government, business, and academic needs, especially given global competition and national security concerns, we have no choice but to invest strongly in the NSF’s EHR programs.

Current NSF funding also falls short in national priority areas such as artificial intelligence (AI), quantum information sciences, and advanced manufacturing. Late last year, there was bipartisan and bicameral support for the enactment of H.R. 6227, the National Quantum Initiative Act. The legislation correctly called for continued federal support for maximizing the nation’s quantum research and capabilities. Specifically, the legislation called for the establishment of five new NSF-funded quantum centers and continued support for existing NSF-funded quantum research. Likewise, the White House and Congress are also championing increased support for AI and advanced manufacturing at the NSF. The scale of need in these critical priority areas far outpaces NSF’s current resource level. For example, NSF’s core AI-focused program recently received $170 million worth of high-quality proposals, while the entire division budget within which the program sits is only $120 million. Simply put, without growth, NSF cannot balance these critical investments with its broad support of core research across disciplines.

In addition to research and education, NSF faces dramatic unmet infrastructure needs. A 2017 Request for Information on mid-scale research infrastructure returned $8 billion worth of infrastructure ideas, of which $2 billion were deemed transformational to U.S. science and engineering. NSF’s FY 2019 request for mid-scale research proposed $60 million, addressing a tiny fraction of mid-scale needs. NSF’s pipeline for major construction projects has also dried up as funding stagnation caused several years of deferred planning for large facilities. Past investments in these facilities have led to incredible discoveries and the creation of whole new fields of science such as gravitational wave astronomy. NSF must have the resources available to build the next great generation of facilities to continue U.S. leadership.

While we have highlighted a few of the important underfunded priorities that represent potential missed opportunities, a focus on these examples must be additive and cannot result in neglect of other science fields, lest we find ourselves in a similar situation with these other areas of research down the road. The ongoing work of supporting essential research across all scientific disciplines, from physical sciences to social and behavioral sciences, from nanotechnology to large-scale infrastructure, and disciplinary and multi-disciplinary research, continues to be the bedrock of NSF’s mission.

NSF faces enormous unmet funding needs due to a cumulative stagnation over many years. As a first step to address these needs, we urge an appropriation of $9 billion for NSF in FY 2020.

Sincerely,
The Coalition for National Science Funding (CNSF)
National Science Teachers Association
Northern Illinois University
Northwestern University
Pennsylvania State University
Population Association of America/Association of Population Centers
Princeton University
Psychonomic Society
PsySiP Project
Research!America
Rutgers University-New Brunswick
SAGE Publishing
Saint Louis University
Seismological Society of America
Society for Advancement of Chicanos/Hispanics and Native Americans in Science
Society for Industrial and Applied Mathematics
Society for Neuroscience
Society for Research in Child Development
Society for the Psychological Study of Social Issues
SPIE
Stevens Institute of Technology
Stony Brook, The State University of New York
The Ohio State University
The Optical Society
The State University of New York System
The University of Wisconsin-Madison
University Corp for Atmospheric Research
University of California System

Cc: Senator McConnell, Senator Schumer, Senator Shelby, Senator Leahy, Representative Pelosi, Representative McCarthy, Representative Lowey, Representative Granger