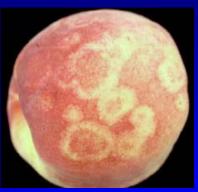
Plum Pox Virus



James W. Travis

Professor

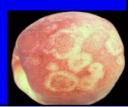
Department of Plant Pathology

Penn State University



Plum Pox Virus

- ■PPV was not confirmed in North America before October, 1999
- ■On October 12, 1999 PPV was found in south central PA on Encore peach
- ■In 2006, PPV found in New York and Michigan



Disease History



- □Bulgaria 1915
- ☐ Yugoslavia 1935
- **□** Hungary 1941
- **□** Germany 1956
- □ Poland / Russia 1961

- **□** France 1970
- **□** England (Kent)
 - 1965
- **□ Spain 1984**
- □ Chile 1992
- **□ USA (PA) 1999**
- □ Canada 2000

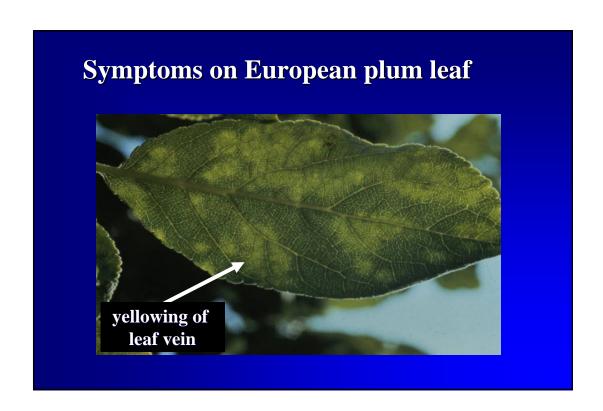
PPV spread

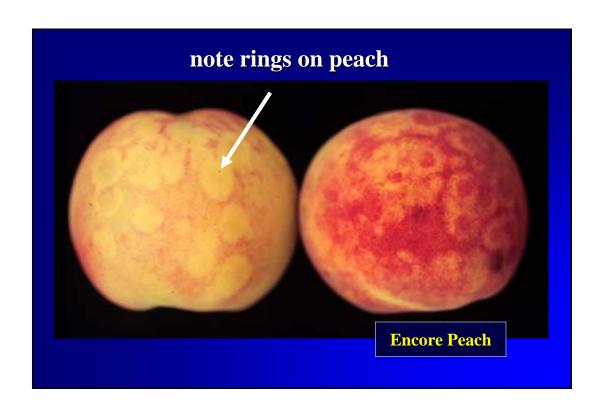
- Infected nursery stock, seedling trees, rootstocks, budding materials
- Aphids



PPV strains

- PPV-D, PPV-M, PPV-C, PPV-EA
- European strains, PPV-D, PPV-M
- PPV-D in PA, does not infect cherry, spread slowly by aphids, seed transmission not known
- Strains differ in severity of symptoms on different hosts and in patterns of spread by aphids





PPY Infected Fruit Trees: Reduction in fruit quality Yield losses of 80-100% in susceptible cultivars Tree death – 5% per year

Intensive Surveys in Prunus Production Regions



PA UPDATE - 2000 - Sept. 2006

■ Samples processed: 10,332,233

Positive Samples: 459 (399 of these in 2000)

■ Weeds processed: 83,869 (All negative)

■ Bait Plants (from 2002): 31,468 (All negative)

Positive Sites (blocks, res.): 119

■ Total Com. Acreage Removed: > 1600

Residential Tree Des. Orders: 214

PA UPDATE - 2000 - Sept. 2006

Cost of Eradication Program:

PA State Government

U.S. Government

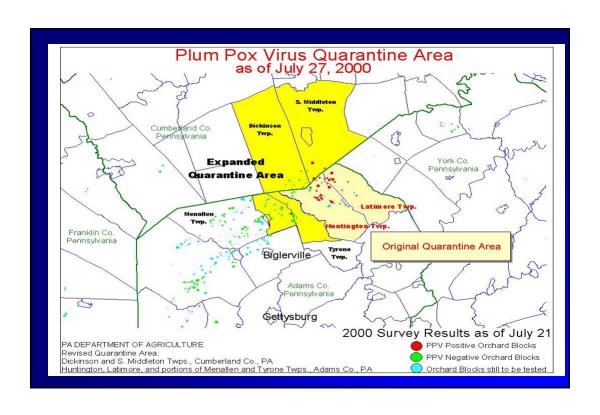
Total

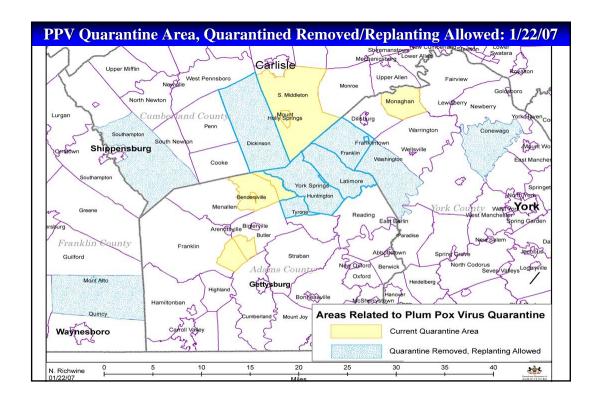
....of this

Over \$26 M has been paid to growers for indemnity, etc.

over \$8.8 M over\$31.8 M \$40.6 M,







PPV: Recommendations

- More reliable testing techniques to reduce false readings due to sampling variation and environmental influences (false neg.)
- Additional research to answer questions about the virus, spread, and resistant cultivars
- Concern that there is an expectation that survey costs will decrease when they will increase due to replanting in quarantine areas
- Elimination of extensive sampling outside of PA ignores potential for spread and threatens national stone fruit industry